**IPV during Pregnancy**

- **Globally:** Few women in low-income countries (LIC) and middle-income countries (MIC) experienced IPV during pregnancy.
- **Ethiopia:** Data indicate that 4% of women aged 15–49 years who have never been married have experienced IPV during the past year and 10% have ever experienced IPV during pregnancy; women who experienced IPV during pregnancy were more than twice as likely to experience physical violence in the past year.
- **COVID-19:** Women with children under 5 years of age who experienced IPV were more than twice as likely to report IPV during the COVID-19 pandemic compared to women who did not.

**Key Points**

- The prevalence of intimate partner violence (IPV) has increased during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- IPV during pregnancy may be higher in low- and middle-income countries.
- The pandemic has posed significant challenges to both formal and informal IPV support systems, highlighting needs for additional and immediate violence response.

**COVID-19 Impact on Intimate Partner Violence during Pregnancy in Ethiopia**

- Data indicate that 4% of women aged 15–49 years who have never been married have experienced IPV during the past year and 10% have ever experienced IPV during pregnancy; women who experienced IPV during pregnancy were more than twice as likely to experience physical violence in the past year.
- **COVID-19:** Women with children under 5 years of age who experienced IPV were more than twice as likely to report IPV during the COVID-19 pandemic compared to women who did not.

**Key Points**

- The prevalence of intimate partner violence (IPV) has increased during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- IPV during pregnancy may be higher in low- and middle-income countries.
- The pandemic has posed significant challenges to both formal and informal IPV support systems, highlighting needs for additional and immediate violence response.

**IPV during Pregnancy**

- **Globally:** Few women in low-income countries (LIC) and middle-income countries (MIC) experienced IPV during pregnancy.
- **Ethiopia:** Data indicate that 4% of women aged 15–49 years who have never been married have experienced IPV during the past year and 10% have ever experienced IPV during pregnancy; women who experienced IPV during pregnancy were more than twice as likely to experience physical violence in the past year.
- **COVID-19:** Women with children under 5 years of age who experienced IPV were more than twice as likely to report IPV during the COVID-19 pandemic compared to women who did not.

**Key Points**

- The prevalence of intimate partner violence (IPV) has increased during the COVID-19 pandemic.
- IPV during pregnancy may be higher in low- and middle-income countries.
- The pandemic has posed significant challenges to both formal and informal IPV support systems, highlighting needs for additional and immediate violence response.