PMA2020 is a five-year project that uses innovative mobile technology to support low-cost, rapid-turnaround, nationally representative surveys to monitor key indicators for family planning. The project is implemented by local university and research organizations in ten countries, deploying a cadre of female resident enumerators trained in mobile-assisted data collection. PMA2020/Kinshasa is led by the University of Kinshasa’s School of Public Health, in collaboration with Tulane University School of Public Health and Tropical Medicine. The study was funded by the Bill & Melinda Gates Institute for Population and Reproductive Health at the Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health with support from the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation.

For more information on PMA2020 please visit http://www.pma2020.org
PMA2015/KINSHASA-R3

INDICATORS FOR ACCESS, EQUITY, QUALITY AND CHOICE

SAMPLE DESIGN

PMA2015/Kinshasa-R3 used a two stage cluster design to draw a representative urban sample in Kinshasa. A sample of 58 enumeration areas (EA) was drawn (PPS). For each EA, 30 households were selected, and a random start method was used to systematically select households. All women of reproductive age (15-49) within each selected household were contacted and consented for interviews.

Data collection was conducted between October, 2013 and January, 2014 for round 1 and August to September 2014 for round 2; and May to June 2015 for round 3.