OVERALL KEY FINDINGS

Over **nine in ten** women reported that their households suffered some income loss due to COVID-19 in the past 12 months. This percentage increases as household wealth increases.

Among households who suffered partial or total income loss in the past 12 months, **four in five** women reported that this income loss had been partially or totally recovered in the past four weeks before the survey.

Only **4%** of facilities providing family planning (FP) services reported that they suspended these FP services during COVID-19 restrictions.

SECTION 1: CONCERN ABOUT COVID-19

**CONCERN ABOUT GETTING COVID-19**
Percentage of women who are concerned about getting COVID-19

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>July 2020 COVID-19 survey (n=862)</th>
<th>March 2021 Phase 2 survey (n=1,583)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not concerned</td>
<td>Not concerned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A little concerned</td>
<td>A little concerned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concerned</td>
<td>Concerned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very concerned</td>
<td>Very concerned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Currently/Previously infected with coronavirus</td>
<td>Currently/Previously infected with coronavirus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No response</td>
<td>No response</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

July 2020 COVID-19 survey (n=862)
- Not concerned: 6%
- A little concerned: 8%
- Concerned: 21%
- Very concerned: 65%
- Currently/Previously infected with coronavirus: 1%
- No response: 1%

March 2021 Phase 2 survey (n=1,583)
- Not concerned: 4%
- A little concerned: 10%
- Concerned: 17%
- Very concerned: 68%
- Currently/Previously infected with coronavirus: 3%
- No response: 2%

**KEY FINDINGS FOR SECTION 1: CONCERN ABOUT COVID-19**

- During the Phase 2 survey, nearly **seven in ten** women reported that they were very worried about the risk of getting infected with COVID-19.
- The proportion of women who reported being very worried about the risk of getting infected with COVID-19 increased slightly between the phone-based survey on COVID-19 in July 2020 and the Phase 2 survey.
SECTION 2: ECONOMIC IMPACT OF COVID-19

HOUSEHOLD INCOME LOSS
Percentage of women whose household experienced loss of income due to COVID-19 in the last 12 months, by wealth (n=832)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wealth Level</th>
<th>Lower tertile</th>
<th>Middle tertile</th>
<th>Higher tertile</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>72</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FOOD INSECURITY
Percentage of women who reported that at least one member of their household went without food recently, by wealth

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wealth Level</th>
<th>Lower tertile</th>
<th>Middle tertile</th>
<th>Higher tertile</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ECONOMIC RELIANCE
Percentage of currently married women who are economically reliant on their husband, by wealth

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Wealth Level</th>
<th>Lower tertile</th>
<th>Middle tertile</th>
<th>Higher tertile</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>51</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
KEY FINDINGS FOR SECTION 2: ECONOMIC IMPACT OF COVID-19

- Nearly nine in ten women reported that their households suffered some income loss due to COVID-19 in the past 12 months, and this percentage increases as household wealth increases.

- Among households who suffered partial or total income loss in the past 12 months, four in five women reported that this income loss had been partially or totally recovered in the past four weeks before the survey.

- The proportion of women who reported that at least one member of their households went an entire day and night without food decreased from 8% to 4% between the phone-based survey on COVID-19 in July 2020 and the Phase 2 survey.

SECTION 3: BARRIERS TO ACCESSING HEALTH SERVICES

WANT TO VISIT HEALTH FACILITY

Among women who wanted to visit a health facility, the percent that went for FP, by wealth

DIFFICULTY ACCESSING HEALTH FACILITY

Among women who wanted to visit a health facility recently, the percentage who reported any difficulties in access, by wealth
REASONS FOR DIFFICULTY ACCESSING HEALTH FACILITY

Among women who wanted to visit a health facility recently and reported any difficulty in access, the percent who reported the following difficulties (multiple responses allowed), by wealth:

### Facility closed

- **Lowest tertile**: 24%
- **Middle tertile**: 18%
- **Highest tertile**: 20%
- **Total**: 20%

- **July 2020 COVID-19 survey** (n=398)
- **March 2021 Phase 2 survey** (n=700)

### Partner disapproval

- **Lowest tertile**: 7%
- **Middle tertile**: 5%
- **Highest tertile**: 2%
- **Total**: 4%

- **July 2020 COVID-19 survey** (n=398)
- **March 2021 Phase 2 survey** (n=700)

### Lack of transportation

- **Lowest tertile**: 14%
- **Middle tertile**: 14%
- **Highest tertile**: 5%
- **Total**: 10%

- **July 2020 COVID-19 survey** (n=398)
- **March 2021 Phase 2 survey** (n=700)

### Government restrictions on movement

- **Lowest tertile**: 3%
- **Middle tertile**: 7%
- **Highest tertile**: 10%
- **Total**: 7%

- **July 2020 COVID-19 survey** (n=398)
- **March 2021 Phase 2 survey** (n=700)

### Cost

- **Lowest tertile**: 15%
- **Middle tertile**: 12%
- **Highest tertile**: 15%
- **Total**: 14%

- **July 2020 COVID-19 survey** (n=398)
- **March 2021 Phase 2 survey** (n=700)

### Fear of COVID-19 at facility

- **Lowest tertile**: 34%
- **Middle tertile**: 48%
- **Highest tertile**: 41%
- **Total**: 42%

- **July 2020 COVID-19 survey** (n=398)
- **March 2021 Phase 2 survey** (n=700)
**SUCCESS IN ACCESSING HEALTH SERVICES**

Among women who wanted to visit a health recently, the percentage who were able to access those services, by wealth

![Percentage chart showing access to health services by wealth tertile for July 2020 COVID-19 survey (n=399) and March 2021 Phase 2 survey (n=700).](chart)

**FP INTERRUPTION DUE TO COVID-19**

The percentage of women who stopped or interrupted their contraceptive method use due to the COVID-19 restrictions, by wealth (n=454)

![FP interruption chart showing percentage by wealth tertile for July 2020 COVID-19 survey and March 2021 Phase 2 survey.](chart)

**KEY FINDINGS FOR SECTION 3: BARRIERS TO ACCESS HEALTH SERVICES**

- Among women who recently wanted to visit a health facility, the proportion of those who reported challenges to accessing services decreased from 56% during the phone-based survey on COVID-19 in July 2020 to 20% during the Phase 2 survey.

- Among women who recently wanted to visit a health facility and who faced challenges to access services, the proportion of those who mentioned fear of getting infected with COVID-19 at the health facility went from 42% during the phone-based survey on COVID-19 in July 2020 to 14% during the Phase 2 survey.

- Only 2% of women reported that they stopped using contraception due to COVID-19 restrictions.
## Impact on Health and FP Services during COVID-19 Restrictions

### Percentage of facilities that closed during COVID-19 restrictions when they would have otherwise been open (n=51)
- Yes: 98%
- No: 2%

### Percentage of facilities reporting reduction in hours of operations during COVID-19 restrictions (n=51)
- Yes: 98%
- No: 2%

### Among facilities offering FP, percentage reporting a suspension of FP services during COVID-19 restrictions (n=50)
- Yes: 96%
- No: 4%

### Among facilities offering FP, percentage where personnel were reassigned from FP services to COVID-19 related duties during the COVID-19 restrictions (n=50)
- Yes: 92%
- No: 8%

### Among facilities offering FP, percentage reporting a period of time when provider-administered methods were not offered during COVID-19 restrictions (n=45)
- Yes: 98%
- No: 2%

### Among facilities offering FP services, the percentage with regular or irregular method supply during COVID-19 restrictions (n=50)
- Stopped completely: 2%
- More irregular: 98%
In the Hauts-Bassins region, PMA Burkina Faso collects information on knowledge, practice and coverage of family planning services in 42 enumeration areas selected using multi-stage stratified cluster design with urban-rural strata. The urban areas of the Hauts-Bassins include the cities of Bobo-Dioulasso, Houndé and Orodara. The results of the Hauts-Bassins region are representative at the regional level and at the urban and rural levels. Phase 2 data were collected between December 2020 and March 2021 from 1,402 households (98.5% response), 1,583 females age 15-49 (93.0% response rate), 51 facilities (96.2% response rate), and 211 client exit interviews. For sampling information and full data sets, visit www.pmadata.org/countries/burkina-faso.

The COVID-19 phone survey was conducted among females age 15-49 in July 2020 and who consented to a phone follow-up and owned or had access to a phone at the time of the PMA Phase 1 survey (conducted December 2019-February 2020). Of the 1,156 (64.6%) eligible respondents, 22.2% were not reached. Of those reached, 96.3% completed the survey for a response rate of 74.9% among contacted women.

In the COVID-19 phone survey, women were asked about events since the COVID-19 restrictions were implemented. For the Phase 2 survey, women were asked about events in the past 4 weeks. This brief displays the results from both surveys.

Percentages presented in this brief have been rounded and may not add up to 100%.

PMA uses mobile technology and female resident data collectors to support rapid-turnaround surveys to monitor key family planning and health indicators in Africa and Asia. PMA Burkina Faso is led by l'Institut Supérieur des Sciences de la Population de l'Université Joseph Ki-Zerbo, Ouagadougou, Burkina Faso. Overall direction and support are provided by the Bill & Melinda Gates Institute for Population and Reproductive Health at the Johns Hopkins University and Jhpiego. Funding is provided by the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.

Link to questionnaire and PMA COVID-19 website: https://www.pmadata.org/technical-areas/covid-19